

THE CESM AUTOMATED TEST SYSTEM

**UNLOCKING THE DOOR TO
MORE EFFICIENT, ROBUST
CESM DEVELOPMENT**

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AND OTHER CSEG MEMBERS**

This talk will be posted at:
<http://www2.cgd.ucar.edu/sections/cseg/tutorials>

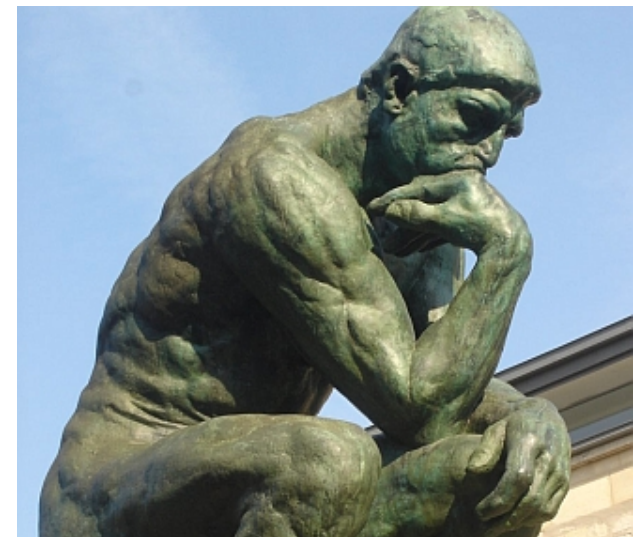
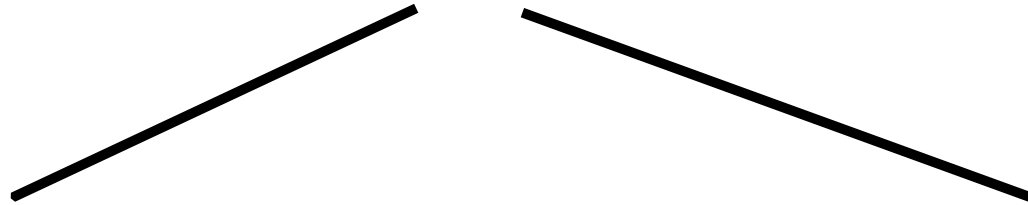
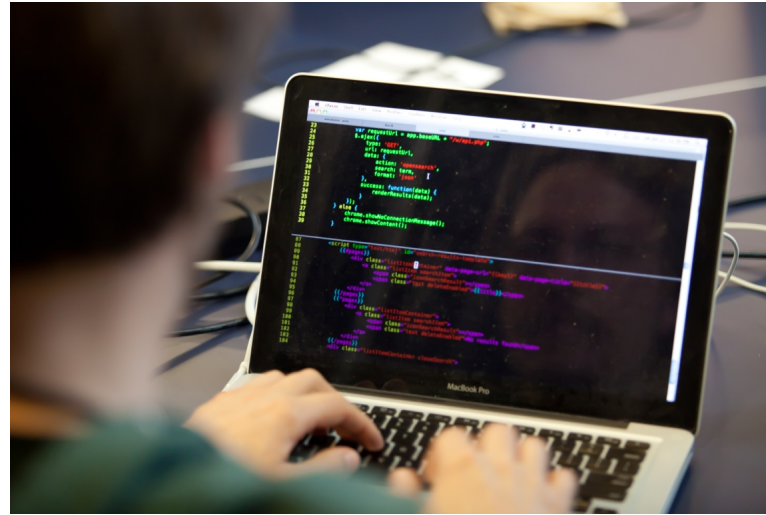
Outline

- Intro & motivation
- Basics of using the automated test system
- Comparing against baselines
- Running a whole test suite
- Summary
- Appendix: References for later use

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Life Before Automated Testing



What Do We Want to Test?

Functionality Tests

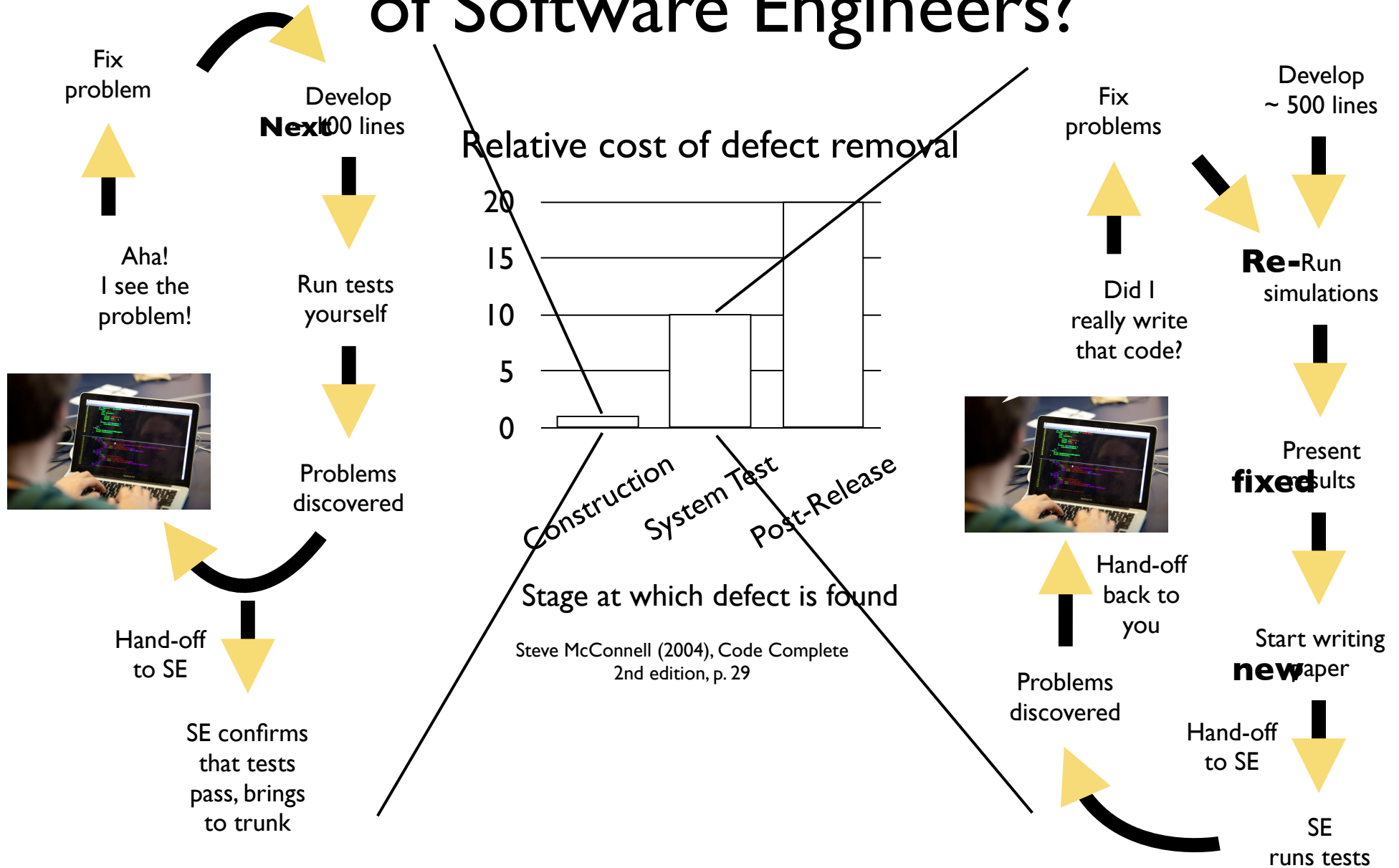
- Runs to completion
- Restarts bit-for-bit
- Results independent of processor count
- Threading
- Compilation with debug flags, e.g., to pick up:
 - ▶ array bounds problems
 - ▶ floating point errors
- And other specialty tests

What Do We Want to Test?

“I didn’t break any other functionality”

- Make sure other model configurations still work
 - ▶ Example: Making sure CLM still works when you turn on prognostic crops
- Make sure code works with other compilers
- If you expect a set of changes to maintain identical answers, make sure that’s true
 - ▶ Terminology: “Bit-for-bit”

Isn't Testing the Responsibility of Software Engineers?



What CESM's Test System Can Do for You

- Single tests that you run frequently while developing
- Pre-built test lists that you run periodically, which test various functionality across many configurations
- Automated comparisons with baselines for non-answer-changing modifications

What CESM's Test System Can NOT Do for You

- Is your code correct? This is the role of:
 - ▶ Manual tests – some of which should later be added to the automated test suite so nobody breaks YOUR code
 - ▶ Unit tests – framework now in place in CESM
- Power diminished when you have answer-changing modifications
 - ▶ Try to break your development into multiple stages, separating answer-changing from bit-for-bit changes

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How to Run a Single Test

```
cd $CCSMROOT/scripts
```

```
./create_test -testid t01  
-testname ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel
```

OPTIONAL: Unique ID for a given testname.
If not given, defaults to YYMMDD-HHMMSS

Test type
(ERS: exact restart)

Resolution

Compset

Machine

Compiler

OPTIONAL: Extra test options
(_D: turn on debug flags)
(separate multiple options with _)

Examples here are for yellowstone,
but this works the same on any
supported machine.

Case name = testname.testid

```
cd ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.t01
```

```
./ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.t01.test_build  
./ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.t01.submit
```

Note use of test_build rather than standard build script.
This is important, because the test_build script sometimes does additional work.

Common Test Types

Functionality to Test	Test Type
Runs to completion	SMS (smoke test)
Restarts bit-for-bit	ERS (exact restart test)
Hybrid / branch / restarts bit-for-bit	ERI (ERS on steroids; can be hard to debug)
Results independent of processor count	PEM (PE counts MPI bit-for-bit)
Threading	PET (with & without threading bit-for-bit)
Compilation with debug flags (check array bounds, floating point trapping, etc.)	Add <code>_D</code> option
Longer run (default is typically 5 days)	Add <code>_L</code> option (<code>_Lm3</code> = 3 months, <code>_Ly5</code> = 5 years, etc.)

For a complete list, run the following from `$CCSMROOT/scripts`:

```
ccsm_utils/Testlistxml/manage_xml_entries -list tests
```

Checking Test Results

```
cd $CCSMROOT/scripts/  
ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.t01
```

```
cat TestStatus
```

```
PASS  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.t01  
PASS  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.t01.memleak
```



Or you might see:

```
FAIL  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.t01
```

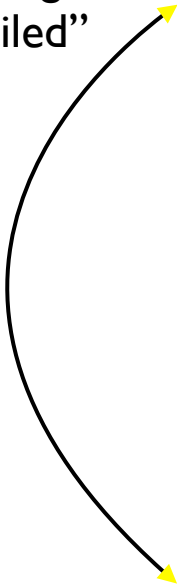


See TestStatus.out file for more details of the failure.
(See Appendix for ideas on where to look first for different failure types.)

Common Result Codes

Result Code	Meaning
Good results	
PASS	Test passed
Bad results	
TFAIL	Test setup error
SFAIL	Generation of test failed in scripts
CFAIL	Build error
RUN	Run timed out or exited abnormally
FAIL	Test failed (either due to run failure or, e.g., non-exact restarts for an ERS test)
Test not yet complete	
GEN	Test has been generated
BUILD	Build succeeded, not yet submitted
PEND	Test submitted, waiting in queue
RUN	Test is currently running

Check queues or log files to see if “RUN” means “still running” or “run failed”



Sample TestStatus.out: ERS Failures

TestStatus = RUN
Initial run failed

```
doing a 11 ndays initial test
pass = 0
ERROR in /var/spool/torque/mom_priv/jobs/16682.goldbach.cgd.ucar.edu.SC:
coupler log indicates that initial model run failed
```

TestStatus = FAIL
Run succeeded, but restart wasn't bit-for-bit

```
doing a 11 ndays initial test
pass = 1
doing a 5 ndays restart test
Initial Test log is /scratch/cluster/sacks/ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.goldbach_intel.t01/
run/cpl.log.140312-125941
Restart Test log is /scratch/cluster/sacks/ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.goldbach_intel.t01/
run/cpl.log.140312-130327
Initial Test hist is /scratch/cluster/sacks/ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.goldbach_intel.t01/
run/ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.goldbach_intel.t01.cpl.hi.0001-01-12-00000.nc.base
Restart Test hist is /scratch/cluster/sacks/ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.goldbach_intel.t01/
run/ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.goldbach_intel.t01.cpl.hi.0001-01-12-00000.nc
Comparing initial log file with second log file
Difference found beginning at 10107 1800 :
< comm_diag xxx sorr    1 2.1942676188259493750E+14  recv 1nd S1_avsdr
> comm_diag xxx sorr    1 2.1971003083939603125E+14  recv 1nd S1_avsdr
< comm_diag xxx sorr    2 2.1806167094445437500E+14  recv 1nd S1_anidr
...
FAIL
```

Making Arbitrary Configuration Changes to a Test

- What we have shown so far only allows you to test out-of-the-box compsets
- There is also a capability to change any xml variable or namelist option
 - ▶ Done via a “testmods” directory, containing user_nl files and/or a file of xmlchange commands
- Example:

Note extra component in the test name

```
create_test -testname  
ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.clm-ciso
```



- For details, see slides in Appendix

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Purpose of Baseline Comparisons

Make sure answers haven't changed; this can mean:

- No answers change, e.g., if you are doing an answer-preserving code refactoring
- Some answers change, e.g., if you change CLM-crop code, and want to make sure that answers are still bit-for-bit for runs without crop

Purpose of Baseline Comparisons

- Because we don't have many testable specifications of how CESM should work, baseline comparisons are the strongest tool available to make sure you haven't broken anything
- To take full advantage of this tool, try to separate your changes into:
 - ▶ Bit-for-bit modifications that can be tested against baselines
 - e.g., renaming variables and moving code around, either before or after your science changes
 - ▶ Answer-changing modifications
 - Try to make these as small as possible, so that they can be more easily reviewed for correctness

Baseline Comparisons

Step I: Determine if you need to generate baselines

- Decide what to use as a baseline
 - ▶ Generally a trunk version, or a previous, well-tested version of your branch
- Determine if you need to generate baselines
 - ▶ If comparing against a trunk version, baselines may exist (e.g., on yellowstone, see `$CESMDATAROOT/ccsm_baseLines` for CESM & CLM baselines)
 - ▶ Otherwise, you'll need to generate your own baselines

Baseline Comparisons

Step 2: Generate baselines

(Skip this step if baselines already exist
for the desired baseline code version)

- Check out the baseline code version
- Run `create_test` from the baseline code with the `-generate` option:

```
mkdir /glade/p/work/$USER/cesm_baselines
```

```
./create_test -testid t01  
-testname ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel  
-baselineroot /glade/p/work/$USER/cesm_baselines  
-generate c1m4_5_59
```

Baseline Comparisons

Step 2: Generate baselines

Confirming that baselines have been
successfully generated

```
cd $CCSMROOT/scripts/ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.G.t01
```

```
cat TestStatus
```

```
PASS ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.G.t01
PASS ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.G.t01.memleak
PASS ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.G.t01.generate.clm4_5_59
```

```
ls /glade/p/work/$USER/cesm_baselines/klm4_5_59/
ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel
```

```
CaseDocs    cp1.log.140312-153410  user_n1_clm    user_n1_rtm
cp1.hi.nc   cp1.log.140312-154007  user_n1_cp1
cp1.log     TestStatus.out        user_n1_datm
```

Comparisons will be done using this coupler history file, which contains fields passed between components. Note that individual component history files are NOT compared, but you can add those comparisons using the `component_gen_comp` tool (see Appendix).

Baseline Comparisons

Step 3: Compare against baselines

- Run `create_test` from your modified code with the `-compare` option (and `-generate` too, if desired):

```
./create_test -testid t02  
-testname ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel  
-baselineroot /glade/p/work/$USER/cesm_baselines  
-compare c1m4_5_59  
-generate mynew_c1m4_5_59
```

It doesn't hurt to generate new baselines: it's easier to remove them than it is to generate baselines after the fact. Just be sure to give your new baselines a meaningful name, which differs from any existing baselines for this testname.

Interpreting Baseline Comparisons

Comparisons Pass

```
cd $CCSMROOT/scripts/ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.C.t02
cat TestStatus

PASS  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02
PASS  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02.memleak
PASS  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02.generate.mynew_c1m4_5_59
PASS  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02.compare_hist.c1m4_5_59
PASS  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02.memcomp.c1m4_5_59
PASS  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02.tputcomp.c1m4_5_59
PASS  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02.nlcomp
```

- `compare_hist`: Main comparison: FAIL means coupler history files differ
- `memcomp`: FAIL means memory use increased significantly
- `tputcomp`: FAIL means run time increased significantly
 - ▶ Lots of false positives: You can generally ignore this
- `nlcomp`: FAIL means component namelists differ

Interpreting Baseline Comparisons

Comparisons Fail

```
cd $CCSMROOT/scripts/ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02
cat TestStatus

PASS  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02
PASS  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02.memleak
PASS  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02.generate.mynew_c1m4_5_59
FAIL  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02.compare_hist.c1m4_5_59
PASS  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02.memcomp.c1m4_5_59
FAIL  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02.tputcomp.c1m4_5_59
COMMENT  tput_decr = 9.791 tput_percent_decr = 17.3
FAIL  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02.n1comp
```

Excerpt from TestStatus.out:

```
Comparing hist file with baseline hist file
...
SUMMARY of cprnc:
A total number of      170 fields were compared
  of which              38 had non-zero differences
    and                 0 had differences in fill patterns
A total number of      0 fields could not be analyzed
A total number of      0 fields on file 1 were not found on file2.
diff_test: the two files seem to be DIFFERENT

FAIL
hist file comparison is FAIL
```

For full differences, view cprnc.out in your case directory
(search for RMS in that file to see fields that differ)

Interpreting Baseline Comparisons

Missing baselines

```
cd $CCSMROOT/scripts/ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02
cat TestStatus
PASS  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02
PASS  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02.memleak
PASS  ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02.generate.mynew_clm4_5_59
BFAIL ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t02.compare_hist.clm4_5_59
```

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Recap: What Do We Want to Test?

“I didn’t break any other functionality”

- Make sure other model configurations still work
 - ▶ Example: Making sure CLM still works when you turn on prognostic crops
- Make sure code works with other compilers
- If you expect a set of changes to maintain identical answers, make sure that’s true
 - ▶ Terminology: “Bit-for-bit”

Running a Test Suite

- Allows running many tests with a single command
- Create your own test suite
 - ▶ Simply a text file listing all the tests you want to run
 - ▶ See Appendix for an example
- Run a pre-built test suite
 - ▶ Allows you to test many configurations, including ones you have never heard of!

Pre-Built Test Lists

```
ccsm_utils/Testlistxml/manage_xml_entries -list categories
```

Commonly-used categories:

- `aux_clm`: Used when making a CLM trunk tag
- `aux_clm_short`: Small subset of `aux_clm`, for more frequent testing
- `aux_glc`: Used when making a GLC trunk tag
- `prealpha`: Used when making a CESM alpha tag
- `prebeta`: Used when making a CESM beta tag

Viewing a Pre-Built Test List

```
ccsm_utils/Testlistxml/manage_xml_entries -query -outputlist  
-category aux_clm -mach yellowstone -compiler intel
```

mach & compiler are optional
Exclude these options to see
all tests in this category

- ▶ SMS.f45_f45.I.yellowstone_intel.clm-ptsRLA
- ▶ SMS.f45_f45.I.yellowstone_intel.clm-ptsROA
- ▶ ERS_E.f19_g16.I1850.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ PET_P180x2_D.f19_g16.I1850CLM45.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ CME_Ly4.f10_f10.I1850CLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.clm-monthly
- ▶ CME_N2.f10_f10.I1850CLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.clm-default
- ▶ ERS.f19_g16.I1850CLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.clm-default
- ▶ ERS_D_E.f19_g16.I1850CLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.rtm-rtmOnIceOff
- ▶ ERS_E.f19_g16.I1850CRUCLM45CN.yellowstone_intel.clm-default
- ▶ SMS.1x1_mexicocityMEX.I1PTCLM45.yellowstone_intel.clm-default
- ▶ ERS_Lm3.1x1_vancouverCAN.I1PTCLM45.yellowstone_intel.clm-default
- ▶ SMS_D.1x1_mexicocityMEX.I1PTCLM50.yellowstone_intel.clm-default
- ▶ ERS_Lm3.1x1_vancouverCAN.I1PTCLM50.yellowstone_intel.clm-default
- ▶ SMS_Ly3.1x1_tropicAt1.I20TRCLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.clm-tropicAt1_subsetLate
- ▶ SMS_Ly5.1x1_tropicAt1.I20TRCLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.clm-tropicAt1_subsetMid
- ▶ SMS_Ly8.1x1_tropicAt1.I20TRCLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.clm-tropicAt1_subsetEarly
- ▶ ERI_D.f10_f10.I20TRCN.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ ERS_Ly5.f10_f10.I20TRCRUCLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.clm-monthly_noinitial
- ▶ ERI_D.T31_g37.ICLM45.yellowstone_intel.clm-SNICARFRC
- ▶ SMS_D_Mmpi-serial.f45_f45.ICLM45.yellowstone_intel.clm-ptsRLA
- ▶ SMS_Mmpi-serial.f45_f45.ICLM45.yellowstone_intel.clm-ptsRLA
- ▶ ERI.f09_g16.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ ERI_D.f09_g16.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ ERI.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ ERI_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.clm-rootlit
- ▶ ERI.f19_g16.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ ERI_D.f19_g16.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ ERI_D.ne30_g16.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.clm-vrtlay
- ▶ ERI_D.ne30_g16.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ ERS_Ly5.f10_f10.ICLM45BGCCROP.yellowstone_intel.clm-irrigOn_reduceOutput
- ▶ PET_P15x2_Ly3.f10_f10.ICLM45BGCCROP.yellowstone_intel.clm-irrigOn_reduceOutput
- ▶ SMS_Ly1.f19_g16.ICLM45BGCCROP.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ PET_P15x2_Lm25.f10_f10.ICLM45BGCDVCROP.yellowstone_intel.clm-reduceOutput
- ▶ ERS_D.f19_g16.ICLM45GLCMEC.yellowstone_intel.clm-glcMEC_changeFlags
- ▶ ERS_D.f09_g16.ICLM45VIC.yellowstone_intel.clm-vrtlay
- ▶ ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45VIC.yellowstone_intel.clm-vrtlay
- ▶ SMS.f19_g16.ICLM45VIC.yellowstone_intel.clm-default
- ▶ CME.f10_f10.ICN.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ ERS_Ld3_D_P64x16.ne30_g16.ICN.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ PET_D_P4x30.ne30_g16.ICN.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ ERS_Ld211_P112x1.f10_f10.ICNCROP.yellowstone_intel.clm-crop
- ▶ ERS_Ld211_P192x1.f19_g16.ICNDVCROP.yellowstone_intel.clm-crop
- ▶ NCK.f10_f10.ICRUCLM45.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ ERI_N2.f19_g16.ICRUCLM45BGCCROP.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ ERI_N2.f19_g16.ICRUCLM45BGCCROP.yellowstone_intel.clm-default
- ▶ ERI.f10_f10.ICRUCLM50BGC.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ ERI_D.f10_f10.ICRUCLM50BGC.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ ERI.f19_g16.ICRUCLM50BGC.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ ERI_D.f19_g16.ICRUCLM50BGC.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ ERS_Lm3.f19_g16.IGRCP60CN.yellowstone_intel
- ▶ SMS_Ld5.f19_g16.IRCP45CLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.clm-decstart

Running a Pre-Built Test List

```
./create_test -testid t01  
-xml_category aux_clm  
-xml_mach yellowstone -xml_compiler intel  
-baselineroot /glade/p/work/$USER/cesm_baselines  
-compare clm4_5_59  
-generate mynew_clm4_5_59
```

- This one command creates all the tests on the previous slide, then builds and submits them for you!!!
 - ▶ This command can take a while to complete; see Appendix for workflow hints
- Need to run a separate command for each compiler
 - ▶ e.g., for aux_clm, run a second command for pgi on yellowstone

Checking Results from a Test Suite

create_test creates a script named cs.status.\$testid.\$machine
Run this script to check test results for all tests in the test suite

```
./cs.status.t01.yellowstone
```

Small excerpt:

```
PASS CME.f10_f10.ICN.yellowstone_intel.C.t01
PASS CME.f10_f10.ICN.yellowstone_intel.C.t01.generate.mynew_clm4_5_59
PASS CME.f10_f10.ICN.yellowstone_intel.C.t01.compare_hist.clm4_5_59
PASS CME.f10_f10.ICN.yellowstone_intel.C.t01.nlcomp
PASS CME_Ly4.f10_f10.I1850CLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.clm-monthly.C.t01
PASS CME_Ly4.f10_f10.I1850CLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.clm-monthly.C.t01.generate.mynew_clm4_5_59
PASS CME_Ly4.f10_f10.I1850CLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.clm-monthly.C.t01.compare_hist.clm4_5_59
PASS CME_Ly4.f10_f10.I1850CLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.clm-monthly.C.t01.nlcomp
...
FAIL ERI_D.ne30_g16.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.clm-vrtlay.C.t01
PASS ERI_N2.f19_g16.ICRUCLM45BGCCROP.yellowstone_intel.C.t01
PASS ERI_N2.f19_g16.ICRUCLM45BGCCROP.yellowstone_intel.C.t01.memleak
PASS ERI_N2.f19_g16.ICRUCLM45BGCCROP.yellowstone_intel.C.t01.generate.mynew_clm4_5_59
PASS ERI_N2.f19_g16.ICRUCLM45BGCCROP.yellowstone_intel.C.t01.compare_hist.clm4_5_59
PASS ERI_N2.f19_g16.ICRUCLM45BGCCROP.yellowstone_intel.C.t01.memcomp.clm4_5_59
PASS ERI_N2.f19_g16.ICRUCLM45BGCCROP.yellowstone_intel.C.t01.tputcomp.clm4_5_59
PASS ERI_N2.f19_g16.ICRUCLM45BGCCROP.yellowstone_intel.C.t01.nlcomp
...
```

Checking Results from a Test Suite

- Rerun the `cs.status` script as often as you want, to view results as they come in
 - ▶ At first you'll see a lot of GEN results
- Investigating failures is the same as for single tests
 - ▶ Go into relevant test directory, look at `TestStatus.out`, etc.
- Note that there may be some expected failures
 - ▶ See if the failing test passed in the baseline code
 - ▶ Or talk to the relevant CSEG member

So Running a Huge Test Suite Is as Easy as 1-2-3

- 1) `./create_test -testid t01 -xml_category aux_clm
-xml_mach yellowstone -xml_compiler intel
-baselineroot /glade/p/work/$USER/cesm_baselines
-compare clm4_5_59 -generate mynew_clm4_5_59`
- 2) `./cs.status.t01.yellowstone`
- 3) Celebrate all of your passing tests!

Outline

- Intro & motivation
- Basics of using the automated test system
- Comparing against baselines
- Running a whole test suite
- Summary
- Appendix: References for later use

Summary

- Automated testing lets you catch bugs sooner, speeding development
- CESM's automated test suite facilitates:
 - ▶ Quick tests that you can run frequently
 - ▶ Full test suites of lots of configurations that you can run periodically
- You now have the following testing tools at your disposal:
 - ▶ Single tests
 - Basic "smoke" tests
 - Tests of requirements like exact restart
 - ▶ Test suites that you create yourself (see Appendix)
 - ▶ Pre-built test suites
 - ▶ All of which allow comparisons to baselines, to make sure answers only change when you expect them to change

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Where to Go for More Information

- Slides & recording from this talk
 - ▶ <http://www2.cgd.ucar.edu/sections/cseg/tutorials>
- Chapter 7 of the CESM User's Guide
 - ▶ <http://www.cesm.ucar.edu/models/cesm1.2/cesm/doc/usersguide/book1.html>
 - ▶ Note that some of this is outdated – we no longer have `query_tests` (replaced by `manage_xml_entries`)
- CLM's guide to testing
 - ▶ <https://wiki.ucar.edu/display/ccsm/CLM+Testing>
- Interactive help for tools discussed here
 - ▶ `create_test -help`
 - ▶ `ccsm_utils/Testlistxml/manage_xml_entries -help`
 - ▶ `ccsm_utils/Tools/component_gen_comp -help`

What CESM Versions Does This Cover?

- In general, I refer to the latest development code
- Much of this is the same in the CESM1.2 release
- Single tests: Main functionality has been the same for a while
- Test suites: Functionality has been in place for a while, but command-line syntax changed significantly in CESM1.2
 - ▶ And the command to query a test list has changed even more recently than that
- Note that examples are for yellowstone, but you can use these tools on any machine

Full Example: Single Test

```
cd $CCSMROOT/scripts
```

```
./create_test -testid t01  
-testname ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel  
-baselineroot /glade/p/work/$USER/cesm_baselines  
-compare c1m4_5_59  
-generate mynew_c1m4_5_59
```

```
cd ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t01
```

No cesm_setup needed (create_test does that for you)

```
./ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t01.test_build  
./ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.GC.t01.submit
```

Wait for test to finish

```
cat TestStatus
```

If the test failed:

```
less TestStatus.out
```

```
cd /glade/scratch/$USER/ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.t01/run
```

```
less 1nd.log.*  
less cesm.log.*
```

Where to Look If Your Test Fails

Failure Code	Where to Look First
TFAIL	Output from create_test
SFAIL	Output from create_test
CFAIL	Output from test_build script (will generally point you to a build log file)
RUN	<p>(1) Batch log files in case directory: determine if it simply ran out of wall-clock time</p> <p>(2) TestStatus.out file in case directory</p> <p>(3) Log files and core files in run directory</p> <p>Note: Some tests (e.g., ERI) create multiple run directories, with .ref1, .ref2 extensions; you may need to check all of them, e.g., check:</p> <p>ERI.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.t01.ref1/run</p>
FAIL	<p>(1) TestStatus.out file in case directory: this will help you see the cause of failure – e.g., run didn't complete vs. test requirements (such as exact restart) weren't met. Look for FAIL in this file, and any messages above the FAIL line.</p> <p>(2) If run didn't complete, check log files and core files in run directory</p> <p>(3) If requirements of test weren't met, TestStatus.out will generally refer to differences in coupler log files and/or coupler history files. History file differences can be seen in the cprnc.out file in the run directory.</p>

Full Example: Test Suite

```
./create_test -testid t01.intel -xml_category aux_clm  
-xml_mach yellowstone -xml_compiler intel  
-baselineroot /glade/p/work/$USER/cesm_baselines  
-compare clm4_5_59 -generate mynew_clm4_5_59 | tee t01.intel.out
```

“Pipe” (send) the output into the “tee” command.
tee is a unix command that copies all of the terminal output into the given file (t01.intel.out).
This allows easier viewing of the output later
– e.g., you can search this file for tests that had SFAIL or CFAIL results.

```
./cs.status.t01.intel.yellowstone | grep -v -e PASS -e tputcomp -e COMMENT
```

“Pipe” (send) the output into a “grep” command, which excludes all lines containing “PASS”, “tputcomp”, or “COMMENT”.
These lines can generally be ignored. Thus, what you’ll see are lines requiring your attention, such as FAIL results.

Recommendation for Test Suites: Use the 'screen' command

- Motivation: Building and running tests is time-consuming, requires the developer to keep a long-running terminal session open.
- What is screen?: Unix command that “virtualizes” a terminal session. Sessions can be created, then detached and reattached from different machines.
- `screen -S 'yellowstonetest'`: Creates a session with the specified name.
- `screen -ls`: Lists the currently open screen sessions.
- `screen -d -r 'yellowstonetest'`: Attaches to screen session, detaching it if already attached.
- Testing workflow:
 - ▶ At work: For each machine, start a screen session either locally or on remote machine.
 - ▶ Check out code, start tests.
 - ▶ Later, at home: Reattach to screen sessions, check on test status.

Rerunning Failed Tests in a Test Suite

- If lots of tests failed, generally easiest to rerun the test suite from scratch
 - ▶ Give it a new testid
- If just a few tests failed, due to system problems or minor bugs
 - ▶ Official recommendation is to re-create these failed tests from scratch, as individual tests, or by creating your own test suite
 - This is the safest thing to do
 - ▶ But often it will work to go into the case directories of the failed tests, and rerun the `test_build` and `submit` scripts

Running a Test Suite on a Different Machine

Example: You want to run all of the aux_clm tests that are normally run on yellowstone with the pgi compiler, but you want to run them on the machine 'edison' with the intel compiler

```
./create_test -testid t01.intel -xml_category aux_clm  
-xml_mach yellowstone -xml_compiler pgi  
-mach edison -compiler intel
```

xml_mach and xml_compiler say, "find the test list set up for this machine and compiler".

By default, the machine and compiler used for the tests is the same.

But you can override that by specifying the -mach and/or -compiler options.

Details of Using a Testmods Directory

- Any namelist changes or xml variable changes can be made using a testmods directory
- This directory contains either or both:
 - ▶ user_nl files for any component(s)
 - e.g., user_nl_clm, user_nl_cam
 - Just like the user_nl files in a case, these can have any namelist changes
 - ▶ A file called xmlchange_cmnds containing commands used to change xml variables
 - This can contain any number of lines with commands to run, such as: ./xmlchange RUN_STARTDATE=2001-12-30
- By default, this directory should go in scripts/ccsm_utils/Testlistxml/testmods_dirs
 - ▶ See directories in there for examples
 - ▶ The default location can be changed using the -user_testmods_dir option to create_test

Details of Using a Testmods Directory

Use your testmods directory by specifying an extra component in your testname:

```
create_test -testname  
ERS_D.f10_f10.ICLM45BGC.yellowstone_intel.clm-ciso
```

This gives the path to the testmods directory.
The path is relative to scripts/ccsm_utils/Testlistxml/testmods_dirs,
unless the -user_testmods_dir option is given to create_test.
Note that subdirectories are separated by '-'
– i.e., use a dash in place of '/' when separating directory components of the path.

Defining Your Own Test List

- You can easily run your own list of tests
- To do this, simply create a text file, with one test name per line
 - ▶ i.e., each line would be the 'testname' argument to `create_test`
- You can then run your whole test list similarly to how you run pre-built test lists.
 - ▶ But don't use any of the `-xml_*` options to `create_test` (`xml_category`, `xml_mach`, `xml_compiler`)
 - ▶ Instead, use the `-input_list` option to `create_test`
 - e.g., `create_test -input_list my_test_list ...`
 - (where `my_test_list` is the text file you created)
- Note that a given test list should only use a single machine & compiler

Comparing Component History Files with `component_gen_comp`

- Recall that, when doing baseline comparisons, only coupler history files are compared
- Sometimes you want to compare component history files (e.g., CLM and/or CAM history files), to make sure diagnostic fields haven't changed
- This can be done with `scripts/ccsm_utils/Tools/component_gen_comp`
- Run this after your test suite has completed
- Need to specify the following options:
 - ▶ `-baselineroot, -generate, -compare`: Same as the options to `create_test`
 - ▶ `-testid`: testid of the test suite that you just ran, from which you want to generate or compare component history files
 - ▶ `-model`: name of component to generate / compare
 - Currently just set up for `clm` (give it the model name `clm2`), `cism` and `cpl`
 - Could easily be extended to other components
 - ▶ `-runloc`: path to directory containing test run directories
- First you will need to run it with the `-generate` option to generate baselines, then you can run it with the `-compare` option to compare against those baselines
- Note that this will only be effective if your tests generate component history files. This can be done by running longer tests (e.g., > 1 month), or by using a `testmods` directory that specifies more frequent history output.
- Note that `BFAILI` results from `-compare` can be ignored: these generally indicate that there simply weren't any component history files for this test
- Run `'ccsm_utils/Tools/component_gen_comp -help'` for more details